Statement-II

District-wise Allocation and Target under IAY for 1996-97

State: Bihar:

Sl. No.	District	Central Allocation (Rs. Lakhs)	Physical Target (Nos.)
1.	Patna	619.75	3656
2.	Nalanda	351.78	3062
3.	Bhojpur	242.92	2115
4.	Rohtas	318.70	2776
5.	Aurangabad	338.55	2947
6.	Jehanabad	202.99	1767
7.	Gaya	737.98	6424
8.	Nawada	319.50	2701
9.	Saran	277.11	2412
10.	Sihan	263.71	2121
11.	Gopalganj	215.01	1872
12.	Pach. Champaran	344.36	2998
13.	Prub. Champaran	382.54	3330
14.	Sitamarhi (a)	274.47	1937
15.	Muzaffarpur	435.83	3794
16.	Vaishali	398.11	3465
17.	Begusarai	266.09	2142
18.	Samastipur	465.74	4054
19.	Darbhanga	338.75	2949
20.	Madhubani	348.62	3035
21.	Saharsa	166.56	1450
22.	Madhepura	189.84	1653
23.	Purnia	293.84	2558
24.	Katihar	239.26	2083
25.	Khagaria	137.30	1195
26.	Munger (b)	274.80	901
27.	Bhagalpur	375.91	3272
28.	Godda	283.47	2468
29.	Sahibganj (c)	559.86	2329
30.	Dumka	702.59	6116
31.	Deoghar	219.12	1907
32.	Dhanbad	359.25	3127
33.	Giridih	307.45	2676
34.	Hazaribagh (d)	318.50	2448
35.	Palamu	711.55	6194
36.	Lohardagga	165.36	1439
37.	Gumla	846.67	7370
38.	Ranchi	885.35	7707
39.	Purb. Singhbhum	418.07	3639
40.	Pach. Singhbhum	979.92	8530
41.	Araria	228.36	1985
42.	Kishanganj	86.60	754
43.	Bhaabhua	239.02	2081
44.	Buxer	141.71	1234
45.	Supul	202.78	1765
46.	Banka	34.31	299
47.	Jamui	235.01	2646
48.	Garhwa	314.02	2733
49.	Chatra	352.02	3064
50.	Bokaro	227.91	1984
51.	Lakhisarai (b)		891
52.	Sheikhpura (b)		600
53.	Pakur (c)		2544
54.	Sheohar (a)		452
55.	Koderema		324
TOTAL		17398.92	151452

(a) Sheohar is bifurcated from Sitamani and combined allocation was made to Sibamanhi.

(b) Lakhisarai and Sheikhoure bifurcated from Munger and combined allocation was made to Munger.

(c) Fakur is bifurcated from Sahibganj and hence combined allocation was made to Sahibganj.

(d) Koderma is bifurcated from Hazaribag and hence combined allocation was made to Hazaribag.

Low Cost of Sanitation for Urban Areas in Bihar

1470. SHRI S.S. AHLUWALIA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government are implementing an Integrated Programme of Low Cost Sanitation for Urban Areas of Bihar involving conversion of dry latrines into pour flush latrines;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) how many households in Begusarai and adjoining areas have converted their dry latrines into pour flush latrines during the last three years under the scheme and what is the target for 1996-97?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The Integrated Low Cost Sanitation Scheme (ILCSS) for liberation of scavengers is being implemented by the Government. It provides for Central assistance for conversion of dry latrines into pour flush latrines with the objective of elimination of manual scavenging.

(c) So far, 9 schemes for conversion/ construction of 101729 pour flush latrines at a project cost of Rs. 26.07 crores have been sanctioned in Bihar. These schemes cover Naugachia, Mehijam, Revilganj, Masaurhi, Banmankhi Thakurganj, Giridh, Dehri, Jamui and Mahanar towns. However, no scheme has specifically been sanctioned for the town of Begusarai by HUDCO.

Rural Sanitation Programme in Bihar

1471. SHRI S.S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of RURAL AREAS & EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether any Centrally sponsored rural sanitation programme is being implemented in Bihar;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether any strategy has been outlined for this purpose; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Construction of individual sanitary latrines for households below the poverty line, construction of exclusive village sanitary complexes for women, intensive campagin for awareness generation and health education for creating felt need for personal, household and environmental sanitation facilities, etc. are some of the components of the programme.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. The Strategies outlined are:—

(i) To provide subsidy to the poorer among the households below the poverty line.

(ii) To encourage other households to buy the facilities through markets, including sanitary marts.

(iii) To launch intensive campagin in selected areas and to support such campaigns with infrastructural facilities to establish individual sanitary latrines, wherever possible.

(iv) To establish sanitary complexes exclusively for women, wherever necessary.

(v) To encourage locally suitable and acceptable models of latrines.

नौवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना में गरीबी और बेरोजगारी निराकरण कार्यक्रम

1472. **श्री इकबाल सिंह:** क्या योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) सरकार ने देश में गरीबी और बेरोजगारी की समस्या को हल करने के लिए नौवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना में किन-किन प्रमुख कार्यक्रमों को अंतिम रूप दिया है; और

(ख) सरकार द्वारा इस संबंध में क्या आवश्यक कार्यवाही की जा रही है और तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है?

योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री योगेन्द्र के० अलघ) (क) और (ख) सरकार नौवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना को तैयार करने की प्रक्रिया में है, नौवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना में स्व-रोजगार और सहायक मजदूरी रोजगार कार्यक्रमों के चुने गए स्थानीय निकायों के माध्यम से लोगों की बढ़ी हुई भागीदारी सहित जारी रहने की संभावना है, सात मूलभूत न्यूनतम